Healthy Vermonters 2010 Objectives:

Reduce the percentage of adults who smoke cigarettes.

Goal: 12% VT 2000: 21% (age 18+)

Reduce the percentage of youth who smoke cigarettes.

Goal: 16% VT 2001: 22% (grades 8-12)

Reduce the percentage of youth who use spit tobacco.

Goal: 1% VT 2001: 4.8% (grades 8-12)

Reduce the percentage of youth who smoke cigars, cigarillos and little cigars.

Goal: 8% VT 2001: 11% (grades 8-12)

Increase the percentage of adult smokers who attempt to quit.

Goal: 75% VT 2000: 49%

Increase the percentage of pregnant women who quit smoking during the first trimester (3 months) of pregnancy.

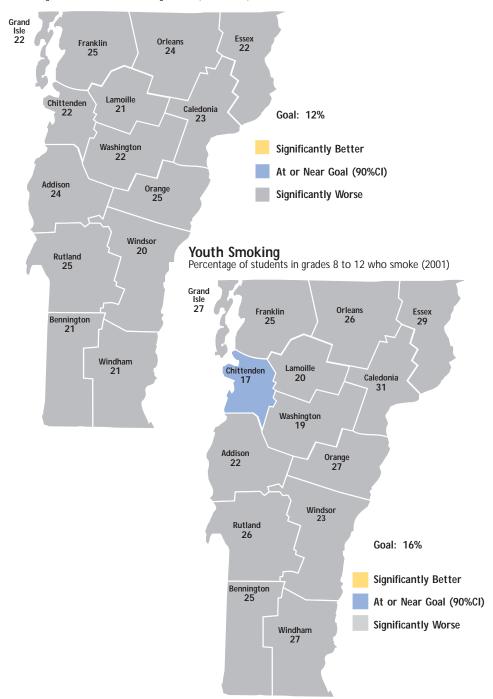
Goal: 30% VT 2000: 22%

Facts:

- Smoking leads to or complicates heart disease, cancer, COPD, stroke, pneumonia, low birth weight and infant mortality.
- Smoking during pregnancy increases the risk of low birth weight, spontaneous abortion, and Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS).
- Nearly half (46%) of all Vermont smokers have children under age 17 living in their household.
- Quitting smoking has almost immediate health benefits. After quitting for one year, the risk of heart disease from smoking-related causes is reduced by half.
- Total annual smoking-attributable medical care costs in VT: \$182 M

Adult Smoking

Percentage of adults who smoke cigarettes (1996-2000)



VT Smoking by Age

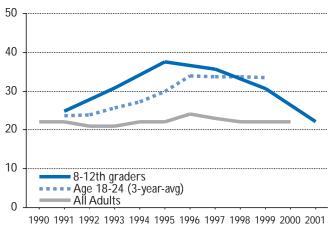
Percentage of Vermonters who smoke

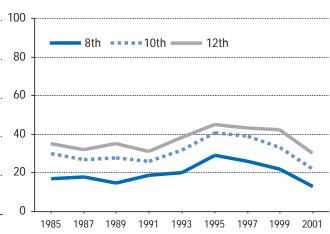
Youth Cigarette Smoking by Grade

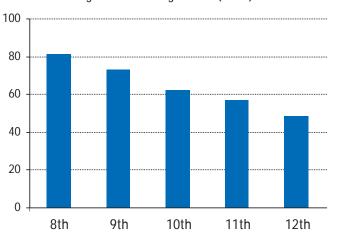
Percentage of Vermont students in grade 8, 10 and 12

Attitudes About Cigarettes by Grade

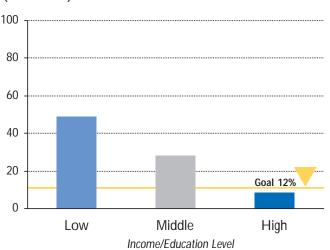
Percentage of Vermont students who report it's wrong for kids their age to smoke cigarettes (2001)





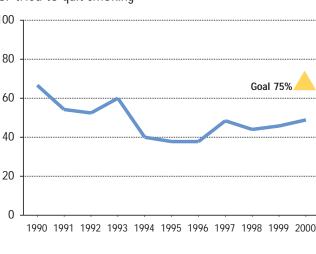


Adult Smoking by Income/EducationPercentage of Vermont adults age 25-64 who smoke (1996-2000)



Quit Smoking

Percentage of Vermont adult smokers who quit or tried to quit smoking



Quit Smoking by Income/EducationPercentage of Vermont adult smokers age 25-64 who guit or tried to guit smoking (2000)

